2025 CORPORATE GOVERNANCE STATEMENT



The Directors of Vitasora Health Limited ("VHL" or the "Company") recognise that a strong corporate governance culture underpins sustainable value creation for shareholders.

This Corporate Governance Statement sets out the Company's current compliance with the fourth edition of the ASX Corporate Governance Council's Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations ("Principles and Recommendations").

The Company has adopted a program to continuously review and improve its charters, policies and procedures to ensure its corporate governance framework remains current and compliant with best corporate practice.

This Corporate Governance Statement reports in detail the Company's progress in adopting, implementing and adhering to the specifics of the ASX Principles and Recommendations. The Company's Charters and Policies for the Board referred to in this Corporate Governance Statement are available in the Corporate Governance section of the Company's website at https://vitasorahealth.com.au/investor-centre/corporate-governance/

PRINCIPLE 1: LAY SOLID FOUNDATIONS FOR MANAGEMENT AND OVERSIGHT

1.1 Role of the Board & Management

The Board's role is to govern the Company and act in the best interest of the Company as a whole. Management is charged with managing the Company in accordance with the direction and delegations of the Board, with board oversight on risk, strategy and ensuring strong financial controls are in place and ensuring management carry out these delegated duties.

In carrying out its governance role, the Board drives the performance of the consolidated entity and must also ensure that the consolidated entity complies with all of its contractual, statutory and any other legal obligations, including the requirements of any regulatory body. The Board has the final responsibility for the successful operations of the consolidated entity.

To assist the Board carrying out its functions, it has a Code of Conduct in place to guide Directors, the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer and other senior executives and employees in the performance of their roles.

In general, the Board is responsible for, and has the authority to determine, all matters relating to the policies, practices, management and operations of the Company. It is required to do all things that may be necessary to be done in order to carry out the objectives of the consolidated entity.

Without intending to limit this general role of the Board, the principal functions and responsibilities of the Board include the following:

- 1. Leadership of the Organisation: overseeing the Company and establishing codes that reflect the values of the Company and guide the conduct of the Board, management and employees.
- 2. Strategy Formulation: to set and review the overall strategy and goals for the Company and ensure that there are policies in place to govern the operation of the consolidated entity.
- 3. Overseeing Planning Activities: overseeing the development of the Company's strategic plan and approving that plan as well as the annual and long-term budgets.
- 4. Shareholder Liaison: ensuring effective communications with shareholders through an appropriate communications policy and promoting participation at general meetings.
- 5. Monitoring, Compliance and Risk Management: overseeing the development of the Company's risk management, compliance, control and accountability systems and monitoring and directing the financial and operation performance of the Company.
- 6. Company Finances: approving expenses and approving and monitoring acquisitions, divestitures and financial and other reporting.
- 7. Human Resources: appointing, and, where appropriate, removing the Executive Officers as well as reviewing the performance of the Chief Executive Officer and monitoring the performance of senior management in their implementation of Company strategy.
- 8. Ensuring the Health, Safety and Well-Being of Employees: in conjunction with the senior management team, developing, overseeing and reviewing the effectiveness of the Company's occupational health and safety systems to ensure the well-being of all employees.
- 9. Delegation of Authority: delegating appropriate powers to executives of the Company to ensure the effective day-to- day management of the Company and establishing and determining the powers and functions of the Committees of the Board.

Full details of the Board's role and responsibilities are contained in the Board Charter, a copy of which is available on the Company's website.

1.2 and 1.3 Board Appointments

The Company undertakes comprehensive reference checks prior to appointing a director or putting that person forward as a candidate to ensure that person is competent, experienced, and would not be impaired in any way from undertaking the duties of director. The Company provides relevant information to shareholders for their consideration about the attributes of candidates together with a statement from the Board on its support for the appointment or re-election.

The terms of the appointment of a non-executive director, executive directors and senior executives are agreed upon and set out in writing at the time of appointment.

1.4 The Company Secretary

The Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, through the Chairman, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board, including advising the Board and its Committees (as applicable) on governance matters, monitoring that the Board and Committee policies and procedures are followed, communication with regulatory bodies and the ASX and statutory and other filings.

1.5 Diversity Policy

The Company is committed to increasing diversity amongst its employees, and not just in the area of gender diversity. Our workforce is employed based on the right person for the position regardless of their gender, age, nationality, race, religious beliefs, cultural background, sexuality or physical ability or appearance.

Executive and Board positions are filled by the best candidates available without discrimination. The Company is committed to increasing gender diversity within these positions when appropriate appointments become available. The Company is also committed to identifying suitable persons within the organisation, and where appropriate opportunities exist, advance diversity to support the promotion of talented employees into management positions.

The Company has not set any gender specific diversity objectives, as it believes that multicultural diversity is as equally important within its organisation and due to the small size of the organisation it makes such objectives impractical to set and achieve without potentially compromising the quality of candidates for each role.

The following table demonstrates the Company's gender diversity as at 30 June 2025:

	Number of Males	Number of Females
Directors	3	-
Key Management Personnel	3	2
Other Company Employees	4	23

1.6 and 1.7 Board & Executive Performance Review

The Board considers the ongoing development and improvement of its own performance and the performance of individual directors as critical to effective governance.

A 'Performance Evaluation Policy' has been established to evaluate the performance of the Board, individual Directors and Executive Officers of the Company. The Board is responsible for conducting evaluations on an annual basis in line with these policy guidelines.

This process includes a review in relation to the composition and skills mix of the Directors of the Company. Performance reviews involve analysis based on key performance indicators aligned with the financial and non-financial objectives of the Company. A performance review of the Board is planned for the 2026 financial year in accordance with this process.

On an annual basis, the Board conducts a formal performance review of key management personnel (KMP). The Board assesses the performance of KMP against qualitative and quantitative key performance indicators relevant to each KMP. A performance review of KMP is planned for the 2026 financial year in accordance with this process.

Independent Professional Advice

The Board collectively and each Director has the right to seek independent professional advice at the Company's expense, up to specified limits, to assist them to carry out their responsibilities.

PRINCIPLE 2: STRUCTURE THE BOARD TO BE EFFECTIVE ADD VALUE

2.1 Composition of the Board

The Board has been formed so that it has effective composition, size and commitment to adequately discharge its responsibilities and duties. The names of the Directors and their qualifications and experience are stated in the Directors' Report along with the term of office held by each of the Directors.

The Board believes that the interests of all Shareholders are best served by:

- Directors having the appropriate skills, experience and contacts within the Company's industry;
- the Company striving to have majority of Directors being independent; and
- maintaining a small, cost-effective Board commensurate with the size, stage of development and cash resources of the Company.

The responsibilities of a Remuneration & Nominations Committee currently sit with the Board of directors. The Board is comprised of three directors. The Board has taken the view that there is no requirement for a separate Remuneration & Nominations Committee and that the Board can appropriately exercise the functions of such a committee. It is the Board's responsibility to consider Board succession issues and review Board composition to assist in ensuring the Board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.

When the need for a new director is identified, the required experience and competencies of the new director are defined in the context of the Skills Matrix and any gaps that may exist.

As stated above the Board is currently responsible for these functions which is considered appropriate, at this stage, given the size of the Company and the scale and nature of its current operations.

2.2 Board Skills Matrix

The skills and expertise of the Directors are assessed against the criteria outlined against each skill in the Company's table of Director Skills. This Skills Matrix is published in the Investors section of the Company's website under Corporate Governance.

2.3 Board members

The Company recognises the importance of Non-Executive Directors and the external perspective and advice that Non-Executive Directors can offer. Further, the Company also recognises the importance of Independent Directors in ensuring shareholders that the Board is properly fulfilling its role.

Director	Position	Status	Appointed
Nicholas Smedley	Non-executive	Non-Independent	29/10/2019
	Chair		
Marjan Mikel	Managing	Non-Independent	25/11/2019
	Director		
Tom Takubo ¹	Non-executive	Independent	13/12/2023
	Director		
Jonathan Adams	Non-executive	Non-Independent	24/02/2025
	Director		

2.4 Director independence

The Company assesses whether a Director is independent in accordance with the independence guidelines set out in the Council's Principles and Recommendations. A Director who meets the independence guidelines set out in the Principles and Recommendations is considered to be an Independent Director. Prior to his resignation as a director of the Company Mr Tom Takubo was considered to be independent.

At this stage, given the size of the Company and the scale and nature of its current operations, the Board does not consider that the recommendation to have a majority of the Board comprised of independent directors is presently necessary, having regard to the additional costs associated with engaging additional non-executive directors. Further, given the size of the Company and the scale and nature of its current operations, the Board does not consider that the recommendation to have an independent chair is appropriate at this time.

2.5 Separation of duties

Mr Nicholas Smedley transitioned from the role of Executive Chairman to Non-executive Chairman during the period. Whilst the Board believed it appropriate to the have the Chairman engaged in an executive capacity during a critical stage of the Company's development it is now moving to ensure the appropriate separation between those charged with managing the Company and those responsible for overseeing its managers. Mr Nicholas Smedley is not currently considered an independent director given he was recently employed in an executive capacity.

The Company's Chief Executive Officer, Marjan Mikel, is the Company's Managing Director.

The role of Chair and CEO are carried out by separate persons.

2.6 Education and Induction

It is the policy of the Company that new Directors undergo an induction process in which they are given a full briefing on the Company. Information conveyed to new Directors includes:

- details of the roles and responsibilities of a Director;
- formal policies on Director appointment as well as conduct and contribution expectations;
- details of all relevant legal requirements;
- a copy of the Board Charter as well as all other Company policies;
- guidelines on how the Board process's function;
- details of past, recent and likely future developments relating to the Board including anticipated regulatory changes;
- background information on and contact information for key people in the organisation including an outline of their roles and capabilities;
- an analysis of the Company; and
- a copy of the Constitution of the Company.

In order to achieve continuing improvement in Board performance, all Directors are encouraged to undergo continual professional development.

PRINCIPLE 3: INSTIL A CULTURE OFACTING LAWFULLY, ETHICALLY AND RESPONSIBLY

3.1 Company Values

The Company's values are set out below:

We are Respectful We are Accountable We are One Team

We are Innovative

The Company will consider expanding these values into a value statement in the 2026 period.

3.2 Company Code of Conduct

As part of its commitment to recognising the legitimate interests of stakeholders, the Company has

established a Code of Conduct to guide compliance with legal and other obligations to legitimate stakeholders. These stakeholders include employees, clients, customers, government authorities, creditors and the community as whole. This code includes the following:

a) Responsibilities to Shareholders and the Financial Community Generally

The Company complies with the spirit as well as the letter of all laws and regulations that govern shareholders' rights. The Company has processes in place designed to ensure the truthful and factual presentation of the Company's financial position and prepares and maintains its accounts fairly and accurately in accordance with the generally accepted accounting and financial reporting standards.

b) Responsibilities to Clients, Customers and Consumers

The Company has an obligation to use its best efforts to deal in a fair and responsible manner with each of the Company's clients, customers and consumers and is committed to providing clients, customers and consumers with fair value.

The Company also has an Anti-Bribery & Corruption Policy that covers dealings with suppliers.

c) Employment Practices

The Company endeavours to provide a safe workplace in which there is equal opportunity for all employees at all levels of the Company. The Company does not tolerate the offering or acceptance of bribes or the misuse of Company assets or resources.

The Company has a Whistleblower Policy.

d) Obligations Relative to Fair Trading and Dealing

The Company aims to conduct its business fairly and to compete ethically and in accordance with relevant competition laws and strives to deal fairly with the Company's customers, suppliers and competitors and encourages its employees to strive to do the same.

e) Responsibilities to the Community and to Individuals

As part of the community the Company is committed to conducting its business in accordance with applicable environmental laws and regulations and supports community charities.

The Company is committed to keeping private information from employees, clients, customers, consumers and investors confidential and protected from uses other than those for which it was provided.

f) Conflicts of Interest

Directors and employees must avoid conflicts as well as the appearance of conflicts between personal interests and the interests of the Company.

g) How the Company Complies with Legislation Affecting its Operations

Within Australia, the Company strives to comply with the spirit and the letter of all legislation affecting its operations. Outside Australia, the Company will abide by local laws in all countries in which it operates. Where those laws are not as stringent as the Company's operating policies, particularly in relation to the environment, workplace practices, intellectual property and the giving of "gifts", Company policy will prevail.

h) How the Company Monitors and Ensures Compliance with its Code

The Board, management and all employees of the Company are committed to implementing this Code of Conduct and each individual is accountable for such compliance. Disciplinary measures may be imposed for violating the Code.

Trading in the Consolidated Entity's Shares

The Company has a Share Trading Policy which states that Directors, members of senior management, certain other employees and their associates likely to be in possession of unpublished price sensitive information may not trade in the Company's securities prior to that unpublished price sensitive information being released to the market via the ASX. Unpublished price sensitive information is information regarding the Company, of which the market is not aware, that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities.

3.3 Whistleblower Policy

The Company has a Whistleblower Policy which encourages employees and others involved with the Company to report suspected or known instances of eligible or unethical conduct. The Whistleblower Policy establishes the mechanisms and procedures for the reporting of illegal or unethical conduct in a manner which protects the whistleblower and identifies the necessary information to investigate such reports and act appropriately to investigate such reports in accordance with whistleblower regulations.

The Company's whistleblower policy is available the website at the following link: https://vitasorahealth.com.au/investor-centre/corporate-governance/

As set out in the whistleblower policy, any breaches and investigations under the policy are required to be reported to the Board.

3.4 Anti-bribery and Corruption Policy

The Company has an Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy for Directors, employees and contractors of the Company. It provides a summary of the law on bribery and corruption, outlines the circumstances in which it is unacceptable to receive and give gifts, entertainment and hospitality and provides a reporting mechanism for allegations of bribery and corruption. The policy prohibits facilitation payments, secret commissions, money laundering. The policy also prohibits political and charitable donations without the authorisation of the Board.

The Company's Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption Policy is available on the Company's website at the following link: https://vitasorahealth.com.au/investor-centre/corporate-governance/

As set out in the Anti-Bribery and Anti-Corruption policy, any breaches and investigations under the policy are required to be reported to the Board.

PRINCIPLE 4: SAFEGUARD INTEGRITY IN CORPORATE REPORTING

4.1 Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee

The role of the Audit, Risk and Compliance Committee ('Audit and Risk Committee') currently sits with the Board of directors whilst making reference to the Audit and Risk Committee Charter approved by the Board. As the Board is only comprised of four directors, of which two are independent directors, the Company has taken the view that there is no requirement for a separate Audit and Risk Committee and that the Board can appropriately exercise the functions of such a committee. It is the Board's responsibility to ensure that an effective internal control framework exists within the Company. This includes internal controls to deal with both the effectiveness and efficiency of significant business processes, the safeguarding of assets, the maintenance of proper accounting records, and the reliability of financial information as well as non- financial considerations such as the benchmarking of operational key performance indicators. The Board has not delegated responsibility for establishing and maintaining a framework of internal control and ethical standards to the Audit and Risk Committee and instead retains responsibility for these functions.

The Audit and Risk Committee will be reconstituted as a separate sub-committee once additional independent directors are appointed to the board.

Role

The Audit and Risk Committee (or the full board performing the functions of the committee) is responsible for reviewing the integrity of the Company's financial reporting and overseeing the independence of the external Auditors. The board is currently responsible for this function.

The Company believes that the overall composition of the Board is appropriate (see Principle 2) and that the use of external accountants alongside current audit processes provide effective internal control when taking into account the limited complexity of the operations.

Responsibilities

The Audit and Risk Committee would normally review the annual and half-yearly financial statements, the quarterly cash position reports, and any reports which accompany published financial statements before submission to the Board and recommends their approval.

The Audit and Risk Committee would also recommend to the Board the appointment of the external auditor each year, reviews the appointment of the external auditor, their independence, the audit fee and any questions of resignation or dismissal.

As stated above the Board is currently responsible for these functions and the Company believes this to be appropriate, at this stage, given the size of the Company and the scale and nature of its current operations.

4.2 CEO and CFO Declarations

The CEO and consultant CFO have provided the Board with a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.

4.3 External Auditor

The Company's external auditor attends each annual general meeting and is available to answer any questions with regard to the conduct of the audit and their report.

Prior approval of the Board must be gained for non-audit work to be performed by the external auditor. There are qualitative limits on this non-audit work to ensure that the independence of the auditor is maintained.

There is also a requirement that the audit partner responsible for the audit not perform in that role for more than five years.

The Company has a review process which includes verification testing of content, review and sign-off by the Chief Executive Officer, prior to the Board formally approving the release of material public information, including periodic corporate reports that are not audited or reviewed by the external auditor. The process followed is specific to the nature of the relevant announcement or report and includes review by the relevant subject matter expert and review against source documentation and relevant regulations.

PRINCIPLE 5: MAKING TIMELY AND BALANCED DISCLOSURE

5.1 Continuous Disclosure Policy

The Company has procedures in place to ensure that the market is properly informed of matters which may have a material impact on the price at which Company securities are traded and that information disclosed is factual and presented in a clear and balanced way. These procedures are outlined in the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy.

5.2 Material Market Announcements

The Board received copies of all market announcements promptly after they have been made.

5.3 Substantive Investor or Analyst Presentation

The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy provides that a copy of any new and substantive investor or analyst presentation materials will be released to the ASX market announcements platform ahead of the presentation.

The Board has designated the Company Secretary as the person responsible for coordinating disclosure of information to the ASX as well as communicating with the ASX. In accordance with the ASX Listing Rules the Company immediately notifies the ASX of information:

- 1. Concerning the Company that a reasonable person would expect to have a material effect on the price or value of the Company's securities; and
- 2. That would, or would be likely to, influence persons who commonly invest in securities in deciding whether to acquire or dispose of the Company's securities.

The Company also posts all information disclosed in accordance with the Continuous Disclosure Policy on the Company's website under ASX Announcements in the Investors section of its website.

PRINCIPLE 6: RESPECT THE RIGHTS OF SECURITY HOLDERS

The Company respects the rights of its shareholders and to facilitate the effective exercise of those rights the Company is committed to:

- 1. Communicating effectively with shareholders through releases to the market via the ASX and the general meetings of the Company;
- 2. Giving shareholders ready access to balanced and understandable information about the Company and corporate proposals;
- 3. Making it easy for shareholders to participate in general meetings of the Company. Where meetings are held virtually shareholders are given clear instructions about how to ask questions at these meetings; and
- 4. Requesting the external auditor to attend the annual general meeting and be available to answer shareholder questions about the conduct of the audit and the preparation and content of the auditor's report.

The Company ensures that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.

Shareholders are also able to contact the registered office of the Company to make enquiries of the Company or obtain recent announcements via the ASX website and the Company's website. Security holders have the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the Company and its share registry electronically.

Information is communicated to shareholders through:

- the annual report which is published on the Company's website and distributed to shareholders where specifically requested;
- the half-year shareholder's report which is published on the Company's website and distributed to shareholders where specifically requested, containing summarised financial information and a review of the operations during the period since the annual report;
- other correspondence regarding matters impacting on shareholders as required; and
- periodic shareholder and investor briefings/updates delivered online and accompanied by a written Investor Presentation. Shareholders and potential investors are notified of these regular updates via an ASX Announcement which includes dial-in details for the meeting along with an email address to submit questions.

Shareholders may elect to, and are encouraged to, receive communications from the Company and its securities registry electronically. This is arranged directly with the Company's Share Registry. Contact details for the Registry are provided as a link on the Company's website in the Investor section of the website under Investor Centre.

The Company maintains information in relation to its corporate governance documents, Directors and senior executives, Board and committee charters, annual reports and ASX announcements on the Company's website.

PRINCIPLE 7: RECOGNISE AND MANAGE RISK

7.1 Risk Oversight

As stated under Principle 4, the role of the Audit and Risk Committee currently sits with the Board of directors whilst making reference to the Audit and Risk Committee Charter approved by the Board. As the Board is only comprised of four directors, of which two are independent directors, Company has taken the view that there is no requirement for a separate Audit and Risk Committee and that the Board can appropriately exercise the functions of such a committee.

The Audit and Risk Committee will be reconstituted as a separate sub-committee once additional independent directors are appointed to the board.

The Board is committed to the identification, assessment and management of risk throughout the Company's business activities.

The Company recognises that risk management is an essential element of good corporate governance and fundamental in achieving its strategic and operational objectives. Risk management improves decision making, defines opportunities and mitigates material events that may impact security holder value.

7.2 Risk Management Framework

The Board reviews the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound. A review of the Company's risk management framework is intended to be conducted during the 2026 financial year. A formal Risk Register for the Company generally and for Manufacturing Operations specifically were implemented at the beginning of 2021 financial year. These Registers are reviewed and updated periodically by management during the year.

Management reports risks identified to the Board through regular operations reports, and via direct and timely communication to the Board where and when applicable. These risks are documented in the Company's Risk Registers. During the reporting period, management has reported to the Board as to the effectiveness of the Company's management of its material business risks. As part of the process of approving the financial statements, at each reporting date the CEO and other responsible senior executives provide statements in writing to the Board on the quality and effectiveness of the company's risk management and internal compliance and control systems. The Company does not have an internal audit function.

7.3 Internal audit

The Company does not an internal audit function. The Board is responsible for monitoring the internal audit function in accordance with the Company's Risk Management Policy.

7.4 Material exposures to risk

The Company faces risks inherent to its business, including economic risks, which may materially impact the Company's ability to create or preserve value for security holders over the short, medium or long term. These risks are monitored and managed via the Company's Risk Registers and periodic review of same. The Board does not consider that the Company currently has any material exposure to environmental or social sustainability risks.

PRINCIPLE 8: REMUNERATE FAIRLY AND RESPONSIBLY

8.1 Remuneration & Nominations Committee Role

The role of a Remuneration & Nominations Committee is to assist the Board in fulfilling its responsibilities in respect of establishing appropriate remuneration levels and incentive policies for employees and achieve a structured Board that adds value to the Company by ensuring an appropriate mix of skills are present in Directors on the Board at all times.

As the Board is only comprised of four directors, of which two are independent directors, the Company has taken the view that there is no requirement for a separate Remuneration and Nominations Committee and that the Board can appropriately exercise the functions of such a committee. The functions of such a committee are currently handled by the Board and the Company believes that this is appropriate until the Company's operations have grown sufficiently to require both additional independent directors and a separate Remuneration and Nominations committee.

a) Composition

The Board believes the presence of one independent director on the board allows for sufficient independent judgement at this stage of the Company's development. The Board will consider the appointment of additional independent directors in coming years.

Details of meetings held during the year and attendance of the members at Board meetings are disclosed within the Directors' Report of the Annual Report.

b) Responsibilities

The responsibilities of the Remuneration & Nominations Committee include setting policies for senior officers' remuneration, setting the terms and conditions of employment for the CEO/MD, reviewing and making recommendations to the Board on the Company's incentive schemes and superannuation arrangements, reviewing the remuneration of both Executive and Non-Executive Directors making recommendations to the Board on any proposed changes, undertake a review of the CEO/MD's performance, including, setting with the CEO/MD goals for the coming year and reviewing progress in achieving those goals.

These functions are currently performed by the board and the Company believes this to be appropriate, at this stage, given the size of the Company and the scale and nature of its current operations.

The Nomination duties include devising criteria for Board membership, regularly reviewing the structure of the Board and identifying specific individuals for nomination/removal as Directors for review by the Board. Further responsibilities include overseeing management succession plans including the CEO/MD and their direct reports and evaluation of the Board's performance.

8.2 Remuneration Policy

The Remuneration Report includes further details on the Company's remuneration policy and its relationship to the Company's performance last year. It also includes details of the remuneration of Directors and senior executives last year. Shareholders are invited to vote on the adoption of the report at the Company's annual general meeting.

a) Senior Executive Remuneration Policy

The Company is committed to remunerating its senior executives in a manner that is market competitive and consistent with best practice as well as supporting the interests of shareholders. Remuneration of senior executives may comprise of the following:

- fixed salary that is determined from a review of the market and reflects core performance requirements and expectations;
- a performance bonus designed to reward actual achievement by the individual of performance objectives and for materially improved Company performance;
- participation in the share/option scheme with thresholds approved by shareholders. Note that all terms and conditions of this scheme are outlined in the ESOP Plan which is agreed to by all participating employees as part of their acceptance of any options granted; and
- statutory superannuation.

The Company aims to align the interests of senior executives with those of shareholders by remunerating senior executives through performance and long-term incentive plans in addition to their fixed remuneration.

b) Non-Executive Director Remuneration Policy

Non-Executive Directors are paid their fees in a manner that is market competitive and consistent with best practice as well as supporting the interests of shareholders.

Non-Executive Directors are entitled to but not necessarily paid statutory superannuation.

8.3 Equity based remuneration scheme

The Company has adopted an equity-based remuneration scheme (ESOP)

Participants in an equity-based remuneration scheme are prohibited from entering into any transaction that would have the effect of hedging or otherwise transferring the risk of any fluctuation in the value of any unvested entitlement in the Company's securities to any other person.

Non-Executive Directors are entitled to receive performance-based bonuses as part of their participation in the Company's Employee Share Option Plan (ESOP) but cannot do so without prior shareholder approval.